Steps for CPE Installation Success





Keys to Successful CPE Installations

- CONTACT CUSTOMERS/BUILD AWARENESS
- CONSIDERATIONS AHEAD OF OSP CONSTRUCTION
- IDENTIFYING CHALLENGES PRIOR SUBSCRIBER CUTOVER
- Selecting Customer Premise Products/Technologies
- DEFINE INSTALLATION PRACTICES AHEAD OF INSTALL
- PERFORM INSTALL
- WIFI TESTING
- DATA GATHERING
- CUSTOMER TRAINING/WALK THROUGH



Contact customers/Build awareness

- Make customers aware of what to expect ahead of OSP construction and cutover
- Explain the purpose of the upgrade or overbuild
- Send out email blasts or information by mail
- Organize a town hall meeting



Contact customers/Build awareness

- Use contact as opportunity
 - Provide information on services, upgrades, etc...
 - Get new customer signups or existing customers to upgrade services
 - Obtain alternate contact information for cutover scheduling





Considerations Ahead of OSP Construction



Considerations Ahead of OSP Construction

- Consider completing customer contacts/site visits ahead of construction
 - Identify best cable placement for burial to location
 - Identify ability to ground enclosure as needed
 - Select location optimal for gaining access to home wiring
 - Verify if an outlet is available
 - Consider completing some installation tasks while onsite





Identify Early On Solutions for Challenging Locations

Challenging Locations

- Multi-tenant Buildings
- Multi-line Businesses
- Locations with special access services

Challenging Services Delivery

- Legacy TDM
 - DSO's, DS1's, DS3's
- Multi-tenant RF
- Static IP's
- Redundancy



Solutions available

Challenging Locations

- Consider multi-line VDSL or GFAST solutions
- Deploy indoor ONT's with fiber to each location
- Deploy MDU ONT's

Challenging Services

- Deploy Pseudowire T1's
- Deploy mini channel banks at customer location for DS0's
- Deploy NID's off of non-access platforms for high end users or redundancy needs
- Ensure IPv4 space available for statics



Selecting CPE Products/Technologies



Selecting CPE Products/Technologies

- Rate of return companies
 - 12 inch rule
 - Consumer Broadband-Only Loops (CBOL)
- Services being provided
 - Voice, Data, Static Video, OTT Video
- Wireless Network
 - Managed or Unmanaged
 - Whole home or centrally located with best effort



Selecting CPE Products/Technologies(Cont'd)





















Selecting CPE Products/Technologies(cont'd)

- Subscriber Location Type
 - Standard residential or business
 - Large business
 - Trailer house
 - Hog barn







Considerations May Determine one of the Following

One Box Solution

- Outdoor or Indoor ONT
- Indoor ONT with/without
 WIFI

Two Box Solution

- Outdoor or Indoor ONT
- WIFI Router/POTS
 - Possible subtended mesh devices



One Box Solution

- Outdoor ONT
 - Provides outdoor access point for testing
 - Requires ONT enclosure grounding/bonding to AC
 - Optimal for locations where access can be challenging









One Box Solution (Cont'd)

- Indoor ONT
 - Can provide ONT only functionality or ONT/WIFI
 - Removes enclosure grounding requirement
 - Better fit for multi-tenant areas where separate ONT's are required
 - Eliminates pulling cables outside
 - Does require pulling fiber from outdoor enclosure to ONT location











Two Box Solution

- Outdoor or Indoor ONT with separate WIFI router
 - Allows ONT to be placed near fiber entrance
 - Allows WIFI router to be centrally located-CAT5E to router instead of fiber
 - WIFI technology will continually change-ONT technology to stay static for a longer period of time





Software Solutions

- Consider utilizing vendor software solutions in conjunction with hardware
 - Manage home router remotely
 - Gain subscriber analytics
 - Save truck rolls





Defining Installation Practices



Define Installation Practices Ahead of Install

- Every customer premise is unique-wiring practices and standards should not be
 - Come up with wiring standards that are to be followed for all technicians
 - Eases training of new staff as to what to expect in the field
 - Ensures a common approach to install regardless of the technician
 - CSR's work with customers more efficiently when common installation practices are used



Define Installation Practices Ahead of Install(Cont'd)





Define Installation Practices Ahead of Install(Cont'd)

- Define what is acceptable when standards cannot be met
 - Wrapping wires on outside of customer location



devices like E-Net over power, Coax or Wireless





Define Installation Practices Ahead of Install(Cont'd)

- If deploying managed WIFI or Whole Home WIFI, identify what this means for customer premise coverage
 - Define testing parameters
 - Define where coverage is expected
 - Communicate with subscriber as to where WIFI signal is utilized





How Important is a Customer Premise Install?

- Many gel-filled twisted pair plants installed in early 80's-Today's fiber plant estimated to last 30-40 years
- Fiber plant, optical electronics, and remote management software tools reduce customer premise issues/truck rolls
- Make sure customer premise wiring is built to last



Truck rolls are expensive



Performing Installation



Perform Installation- Greeting Customer

- Show up on time
- Ensure staff are practicing good hygiene
- Make sure staff are promoting your company brand and image
- Competitive markets versus non-competitive can have impact on presentation
- Make sure customer is at least 18 years old and capable of making decisions







Perform Installation- Develop plan

- Verify services present at the location-ensure service orders are accurate
- Determine all devices that require wiring and/or WIFI connectivity
- Come up with a game plan of how to achieve the install with some potential alternates in mind
- Never ask the customer where they would like to place equipment until you know you can meet expectations
- Identify early on if install will require additional help or additional time
- Make sure customer is on board with your plan before executing



Perform Installation- Things a plan should <u>not</u> include

- Wires wrapping outside of location (with some exceptions)
- Wires running across the floor
- Wiring demarcation
 - Avoid placing in common living area
 - Avoid easily accessible locations to kids and animals
 - Avoid inaccessible locations
- Electronics Location
 - Avoid crawl spaces or other damp areas
 - Avoid placing in normally inaccessible areas
 - Avoid placing in sleeping areas (blinking lights)



Home Penetration

- Penetrate home near fiber enclosure
 - Whether conduit or bare cables, make sure bit is properly sized
 - Be aware of surrounding (AC Power, water lines)
 - When drilling concrete, try to avoid blowout on the back side of the concrete
 - Make sure hole is properly sealed. Water damage can be very expensive







Establish Demarcation Point

- Establish demarcation point for all or most cabling in the location
- Ensure location provides accessibly to fish walls and access existing home wiring
- Newer homes should have a location established





Cable Runs and Termination

- Where possible, fish walls and install low voltage cut in boxes where existing termination boxes do not exist
- When fishing fiber, faceplates are available for termination points
 - Utilize ruggedized fiber jumpers
- Test all Category cables for continuity once terminated







Wireless Device Installation

- Install Wireless Router
 - Ideal location-high, central, and unobstructed view
 - Avoid signal inhibitors
 - Avoid basements
 - Install WIFI router and test signal prior to pulling cables to ensure placement is optimal





WIFI Signal Testing

- Wireless testing can be completed with a tablet or phone and one of many testing apps
- WIFI testing units available on the market that complete more intuitive tests
- Recording WIFI testing results from installation can be helpful tool for future troubleshooting









Ideal Signal Strength

Signal Strength		Required for
-30 dBm	Max achievable signal strength. The client can only be a few feet from the AP to achieve this. Not typical or desirable in the real world.	N/A
-67 dBm	Minimum signal strength for applications that require very reliable, timely packet delivery.	VoIP/VoWiFi, streaming video
-70 dBm	Minimum signal strength for reliable packet delivery.	Email, web
-80 dBm	Minimum signal strength for basic connectivity. Packet delivery may be unreliable.	N/A
-90 dBm	Approaching or drowning in the noise floor. Any functionality is highly unlikely.	N/A



WIFI Router Setup

- Following optimal placement and connection of data:
 - Configure pertinent router uplink settings
 - Enable wireless channels(2.4Ghz/5Ghz)
 - Configure router security
 - Modify wireless channels away from utilized channels in neighborhood



WIFI Router Coverage

- When Whole Home WIFI is provided and coverage requirements are not met, consider mesh wireless devices
- Avoid using wireless extender due to reduction in bandwidth to half
- Mesh works best but can be expensive
- Most current generation routers provide ample coverage for most single family homes







Gathering Data Onsite



Data Gathering-Take advantage of premise visit

- Utilize time of installation to gather as much data as possible about installation
 - Optical light readings
 - Pictures
 - Descriptions of Equipment Placement
 - WIFI Test Results
 - Serial numbers
 - Special notes
- Store data in subscriber records for future reference-CSR troubleshooting tool



Customer Training/Walkthrough



Customer Training/Walk Through

- Make sure customer is thoroughly trained on all installed products
- Provide handout information such has IPTV channel lineups
- Demonstrate video services
- Make customer aware of any major WIFI dead zones
- Show customer where everything is installed

Questions?

